

ESCAPE HIGH RENTS AND THE COST OF  
HEATING A ROOM BY USING

THE ROSS TABLE BED.



OPEN—Full bed 6 ft. 2 in. long.

FULL BED

SINGLE BED

CHILD'S BED.

ASK YOUR FURNITURE DEALER  
FOR IT.

FOREST CITY FURNITURE CO.,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL FURNITURE DEPOT,  
Rockford, Ill.

NORTH STAR  
WASH BOARD

This Wash Board is made of ONE SOLID PIECE OF HEAVY CORK, KILLED ZINC, which produces a double-faced board of the best quality and durability. The fluting is very deep, holding more water and, consequently, doing better washing than any wash board ever made. It is made of hard wood, and holds together with an iron bolt running through a hole in the lower edge, thus binding the whole together in the most substantial manner. It is a most valuable wash board for economy and durability. It will last long, and we can assure you, it will not break. It is a most valuable wash board for economy and durability. It will last long, and we can assure you, it will not break. It is a most valuable wash board for economy and durability. It will last long, and we can assure you, it will not break.

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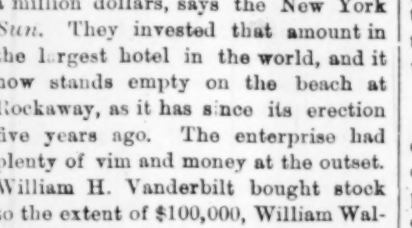
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It is a dozen or so of wealthy and fashion-  
able New York families would suit-  
ably locate themselves for their sum-  
mer outing, they could thereby save  
themselves from the aggregate loss of  
a million dollars, says the New York  
Sun. They invested that amount in the  
largest hotel in the world, and it now  
stands empty on the beach at  
Rockaway, as it has since its erection  
five years ago. The enterprise had  
plenty of vim and money at the outset.  
William H. Vanderbilt bought stock  
to the extent of \$100,000, William Wal-  
dorff Astor took a considerable amount,  
John W. Mackay put in a great deal,  
and among the other holders were a  
number of members of well-known  
New York society families. The in-  
tention was to establish a great water-  
ing-place, distinguished for its incompar-  
able location, and characterized by  
more splendour than can be found  
elsewhere in hot-weather resorts. The  
building was quickly erected and par-  
tially furnished. Its site was a barren  
stretch of flat sand, without any other  
natural attraction than the ocean that  
was to surf for bathing. The scheme  
was made to lay out parks and drives, and  
for that purpose the purchase of land  
was so extensive as to exclude annoy-  
ances from outsiders. The plan  
motors of the scheme think that  
the attempt to open the hotel  
before these landscape improve-  
ments were made was premature, and  
that the failure was a result of the un-  
inviting aspect of the surroundings.  
Anyhow, the whole bottom fell out of  
the business before it began. The  
Sheriff cleared out the furniture and  
the company went into bankruptcy.  
The bonds were bought up cheaply by  
the Drexels, bankers, for a syndicate.  
John W. Mackay has never ceased to  
regard the Rockaway Hotel as feasible.  
Closely connected with him in tele-  
graphic and hotel interests are Edward  
S. Stokes and Col. Robert G. Ingersoll.  
In discussing the Rockaway  
fliasco Ingersoll evolved the idea that if  
the property could be sealed with  
fashion it would be a success. He cal-  
culated that if a dozen distinguished mod-  
ish New York families would spend a sum-  
mer there, or even a portion of a  
season, the multitude would flock after  
them. He was for presenting the plan  
to some of the families who had lost  
heavily by investing in the company,  
suggering them that their money would  
return to them multiplied if they would  
but impress their fashionableness on  
the place. Under his direction a thor-  
ough canvass of the desirable parties  
was made, but with small encourage-  
ment. No Vanderbilt would attend the  
summer's programme for the purpose.  
The Astors barely listened to the sug-  
gestion. The scheme lost its pristine  
brilliance in a week. The Rockaway  
Hotel, largest in the universe, is tena-  
ted by a solitary watchman.

WONDERFUL SOAP.  
GASOLINE SOAP.  
WONDERFUL SOAP.  
AND SON.



ROCKFORD, ILL.

WONDERFUL SOAP.  
GASOLINE SOAP.  
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ROCKFORD, ILL.

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An English physician advances a the-  
ory that will be antagonized by the den-  
tists. Sir Henry Thompson holds that  
artificial teeth are an evil in those of  
advanced years, because they enable such  
persons to masticate flesh. When the  
teeth fall naturally it is nature's design  
that the individual should subsist on  
vegetable diet.

There is at least one "forfeited" citi-  
zen in Massachusetts. An old man  
of West Salem township, Mercer county,  
is engaged in making his own coffin and  
hearse, and he is building the posthumous  
articles regardless of expense. It is said  
that he conceived the idea out of  
pique at a remark of a neighbor, "that  
when he died he wouldn't have money  
enough to bury him."

A Mr. A. P. Van Tassel, of San Fran-  
cisco, has made a balloon of a capacity  
of 50,000 cubic feet, with which he ex-  
pects to undertake a journey across the  
continent from ocean to ocean. The  
greatest difficulty is apprehended from  
the Rocky Mountains, which modify the  
movements of the air currents over a  
large share of the continent.

The New York *Traveller* Journal  
predicts that cherry will hold its own  
and continue to be a favorite cabinet and  
finishing wood because there is so little  
good cherry left; it will not have a chance  
to become too common. There is none  
worth mentioning North of Pennsylvania,  
and in that State its owners know  
its value. There is a good deal left in  
West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, and  
North Carolina, but most of it is where  
it will cost a great deal to get it to market.

Who shall explain the love of women  
for brass buttons? The Rochester *Herald*  
asserts that army officers are not rich  
men, but they pick up wives very easily.  
Early marriages are common among  
officers, owing, perhaps, to the fifty  
of their pay and position, and many of  
them, immediately on being graduated,  
take the woman with whom they have  
danced the most cadet gowns to share  
their two rooms and \$115 a month and  
allowances. The class graduated at West  
Point in June numbered seventy-seven  
members. Of these eight were married  
before September.

An Indian girl has had a remarkable  
experience, according to a Pike County  
farmer. The farmer explains matters  
thus: "A young lady who was work-  
ing my binding harvest at work fell  
upon the table and was carried up with  
the grain. As the girl was of about the  
size of a bundle, the machine did not  
recognize the difference, and so she came  
through with a neat little string around  
her waist. One of the harvest hands  
caught her as the machine 'kicked' her  
out and set her on the ground right side  
up, when it was found that she had been  
more frightened than hurt."

Practical Qualities of Aluminum.  
No metal heretofore has been anything  
like the number of practical quali-  
ties possessed by aluminum. Compared  
with the precious metals, it is equally  
ductile with gold and silver, tarnishes  
less, is more resistant to acids, and is  
of all acids except hydrochloric, and  
melts at a comparatively low tempera-  
ture. Compared with iron and steel,  
its specific gravity is about one-third  
less, and it is capable of resisting a ten-  
sile strain equal to the best of iron. It  
casts well, and can be forged with facility,  
never oxidizing even at a red heat. It  
is less liable to rust than iron, and  
cold than most metals. Compared with  
tin, it forms alloys with every other  
metal, imparting to that metal many of  
its own qualities, and is at least as  
abundant in every part of the globe,  
and yet, with all this, so far up to the  
present time, the refractoriness of these  
has been such that their reduction  
has been a matter of great difficulty.  
The metal is now being produced in  
large quantities, and its use is rapidly  
increasing. It is a most valuable  
material for many purposes, and its  
production is a most important branch  
of the metal industry.

A valuable Otter.  
A teamster came down to Chico, Cal.,  
one day recently from the mountains,  
bringing with him a live otter, which he  
traded a great deal of attention in town.  
The man said he had the animal some  
time ago from some Indians, who caught  
it in the Columbia River, Oregon, when  
it was very young and only as big as a  
rat. It is now about the size of a large  
dog, and weighs fully fifty pounds. In color  
it is a dark brown. The otter is very  
tame, and will follow its master about  
like a dog, never offering to run  
away. He and a few friends went down  
to the river with the animal after fish.  
It had been trained by its former owner,  
the Indians, to catch fish, and its  
performance is said by those who wit-  
nessed it to be truly remarkable. When  
thrown into the river the otter would  
make a sudden dive into the water.  
After a moment it would reappear on the  
surface with a fish in its mouth, which it  
would bring to the bank to its master.  
Then it would repeat the operation,  
never failing to bring up a fish when it  
dived. In this way the party got over a  
hundred fish in two hours' time. The  
teamster values his pet very highly, but  
wished to sell it for the animal some  
length from its nose to the tip of its tail  
measures four feet six inches. He con-  
siders it worth \$100.

A valuable Veil.  
The church of Mexico, Mexico, is said  
to contain a veil of great value. For  
nearly three centuries Spaniards were in  
the habit of viewing a jewel to the veil  
of Our Lady of Mexico. They returned  
safely from a voyage to Spain, until in  
Maximilian's time the veil was bejew-  
eled to the value of \$200,000. Three  
German adventurers with Maximilian  
determined after his failure to carry away  
the veil. They made elaborate prepara-  
tions, succeeded in taking the veil, but  
a pursuing party had nearly overtaken  
them when they made a start in a nar-  
row pass, where two of them were, how-  
ever, killed by their horses, the third  
making off under cover of darkness, but  
without the veil. The veil was recaptured  
and restored to the altar to be more  
vigorously guarded than ever.

THE NOBLE NATURE  
It is not growing like a tree  
In bulk do make man better be;  
Or standing long an oak three hundred year,  
To fall a log at last, dry and bare.

A life of a day,  
Is fairer far in May,  
Although it fall and die that night—  
It is the plant and flower of light,  
In small proportions we just beauties see,  
And in short measures life may perfect be.  
—Ben Jonson.

A JUDICIAL CRIME.  
BY WILKIE COLLINS.

Just prior to the American revolution,  
a Bristol trader arrived in the harbor of  
Boston, having one passenger on board.  
This passenger was an English woman  
named Esther Calvert, daughter of a  
shopkeeper at Cheltenham, and a niece  
of the Captain of the ship.

Some years before her departure from  
England Esther had suffered an affliction  
—associated with a deplorable public  
event—which had shaken her attachment  
to her native land. Free at a later pe-  
riod, to choose for herself, she resolved  
on leaving England as soon as employ-  
ment could be found for her in another  
country. After a weary interval of ex-  
pectation, the opportunity had obtained  
a situation for his niece as housekeeper  
in the family of Mr. Anderkin, a widow  
lady living in Boston.

After her long well-earned rest in do-  
mestic duties during the long illness of  
her mother, intelligent, modest, and  
sweet-tempered, she soon became a fa-  
vorite with Mr. Anderkin and the mem-  
bers of his young family. The children  
found in her dress invariably in dismal  
black, and it was impossible to prevail  
upon her to wear any other color. She  
was a devoted mother, and with more  
solicitude than the father, she looked  
after the welfare of her children. She  
had evidently overlooked the life of the  
gentle English housekeeper.

In her intervals of leisure, she soon  
became the chosen friend of Mrs. Ander-  
kin's children. They were all of them  
very fond of her, and she was always  
ready to give them any amount of  
new games, clever at dressing the  
girls' dolls, and at mending the boys'  
toys. Esther was in one respect only  
different from the other women of the  
house. She never laughed. One day, they  
began to question her: "When we  
are all laughing, why don't you laugh  
too?"

Esther only replied in these words:  
"I shall think it kind of you if you  
won't ask me that question again."  
The young people desisted, but their  
confidence in her never mentioned the  
subject from that time forth.

But there was another member of the  
family, whose desire to know something  
of the household history was more  
motivated by curiosity, than by the  
necessity of the case. This was the gov-  
ness—Mrs. Anderkin's well-loved friend,  
and as a teacher of her children.

One day, Esther was called on by  
her governess, who said to her: "I  
have heard that you were once a house-  
keeper, and I am curious to know what  
you thought of the life of a house-  
keeper."

Esther only replied in these words:  
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# The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

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THE PEOPLE'S PRESS

FOR 1886.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

The Press entered its thirty-fourth volume on January 1st, 1886. It will be our endeavor to make the Press more interesting and entertaining than ever.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

Salem, N. C., Jan. 5, 1886.

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For Judge—Ninth District. J. F. GRAYSON, of Surry.  
For Solicitor—Ninth District. R. B. GLENN, of Forsyth.  
For Sheriff—Forsyth County. J. H. FRIE.  
For House of Representatives—H. E. FRIE.  
For Clerk Superior Court—E. S. LINVILLE.  
For Register Deeds—D. P. MAST.  
For Treasurer—E. S. COLE.  
For Coroner—W. P. DIX.  
For Surveyor—M. H. MORRIS.

What Tickets to Vote.

On election day each voter will deposit the following tickets:

The names of the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, of the seven Superior Court Judges and of the Solicitor for the district, on one ballot.

The name of the Congressman shall be on one ballot.

The names of the Senator and members of the House of Representatives shall be on one ballot.

The name of the Treasurer, Register of Deeds, Surveyor, Coroner, and Clerk of the Superior Court shall be on one ballot.

The name of the Constable shall be on one ballot.

Use only white paper and discard all "cuts."

—We respectfully refer the voters of Forsyth county to the card of Mr. Fries, showing conclusively that no railroad tax can be imposed on any community unless sanctioned by a majority of the qualified voters.

—The State Fair opened Tuesday.

—President Cleveland has sent \$100 to the sufferers at Sabine Pass, Texas.

—Mrs. A. T. Stewart died in New York Monday, of congestion of the lungs.

—Northern hunters have established sporting grounds in Ireland county.

—The Knights of Labor increased Mr. Powderly's salary to \$5000 before adjourning.

—The colored teachers of the State will hold a convention at Raleigh during the colored fair, Nov. 11.

—The stockholders of the North Carolina Midland Railroad are called to meet at Winston, on the 10th of November.

—The Queen of Spain has signed a decree of emancipation for Cuban slaves for the remainder of their terms of servitude.

—Minister Manning arrived in the city of Mexico last Tuesday. He bears a message of peace and good will from President Cleveland to the government and people of the Mexican Republic.

—Mr. Patrick Henry Winston, now of Idaho, but once a North Carolinian, is running for Congress in the former Territory, and as a Democrat, too, the Statesville Land mark gravely avers.

—Let the people remember Settle's inconsistency in abusing the Democrats about holding revenue offices, as he held one under Wheeler, Young and Boyd, both a Republican and Democratic administration.

—Davie Times.

—The most extensive fires ever known are reported from the north-west. A vast area has been burned over, and the losses in houses, barns, crops and all kinds of stock aggregate, it is claimed, \$1,000,000 or more.

—The revenues so far this month have averaged over \$1,000,000 a day, and are now about \$12,000,000 in excess of the expenditures during the same period. Hence another three per cent. bond call in the near future seems probable.

—They say now that the coast of Texas is sinking, and the destruction of Sabine Pass is accounted for on that theory. The residents of the submerged region say that it is only a matter of a few decades before the sea will claim large slices from both Texas and Louisiana.

—The Manufacturers' Record, Baltimore, says that during the first nine months of 1886 the amount of capital including capital stock of incorporated companies represented by new manufacturing and mining enterprises organized or chartered at the South and in the enlargement of the old plants and rebuilding of mills that were destroyed by fire aggregate about \$83,834,200 against \$52,386,300 for the corresponding period of 1885.

## Who Would Change?

We propose turning on the light in the following language: In October, 1867, the Public Treasurer reported the State debt, principal and interest, at \$15,237,040.50. In November, 1870, only three years later, Treasurer Jenkins reported the debt to be \$33,084,641.75.

The Republicans had been in 3 years, and had added \$17,846,601.25 to the debt.

In 1870 the Democrats got control of the Legislature, and whilst the State was in no condition, after 3 years of Republican misrule, to pay any of its debt, they prevented any increase of the principal. They did reduce taxes, restore the common schools, and recommenced the construction of the Western North Carolina Railroad. By 1876 they had reduced State taxes to 294 cents.

In 1877 the Democrats took entire charge of the State. They found the State debt, principal and interest, amounting to \$41,788,710.45. The prospect of settlement seemed almost hopeless to creditor and debtor. But the debt has been settled satisfactorily to both parties interested. The State's six per cent. bonds are selling at \$126, and its four per cent. bonds are at par, the interest on all being promptly paid.

Under the system of County Government, restored by the Democracy in 1877, the counties are nearly all in good condition; their large indebtedness—the result of Republican misrule—nearly all paid off; and in the nine years not a dollar of taxes has been lost to the State by default of any sheriff.

The Western Railroad has been completed to the Tennessee line and has effected its connections with the railroad systems of the country; and it is making rapid progress to its other terminus at Murphy. It has brought into the State already two millions of dollars, and two millions more will be used for its completion.

In the last year about two millions of dollars have been brought into the State and expended upon the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad.

The best equipped and most useful Department in the South is another result of 7 years of Democratic rule.

The system of Public Schools is thoroughly re-established.

The University has been firmly re-established.

Normal Schools for both races are provided for every section of the State.

Asylums for white and black have been built and thoroughly equipped.

In 1869 the State tax was 80 cents.

For two years past the State tax has been 25 cents.

One year there was no State tax.

And now it is possible to reduce the tax to 20 cents.

Who would change?

It is a good thing to reduce the people's taxes and to diminish the public expenditures when it can be done without damage to the people's interest; but after all, the matter for the people to consider, and which sensible people do consider, is now how much has been spent, but how it has been spent, and whether more has been spent than was necessary to the protection and advancement of the public interests. He who employs a man and pays him \$1,000 a year to run his plantation, and at the end of the term of service finds that there are no crops returns; that his lands have been allowed to go to grass, that his fences are down, his stock unfed and his barns and out houses gone to rack and ruin, is not likely to re-employ that man after finding that a successor makes good crops, keeps the lands in trim, the stock in good working order and the buildings in good repair, even if the outlay to secure these profitable results were as great or even greater than that which had yielded him no returns and brought his farm to the verge of irreparable ruin.

Twelve years ago this great "plantation," North Carolina, had been pretty well "done for" by its high-priced Radical overseers. To-day it is in better condition than ever before, yields larger and better returns, and costs less to run it.

Who would change this state of things? Who would re-employ the Radical applicants for overseer's places?

Think of it gentlemen; talk to your wives about it; consult your children and grand children on the subject; read what we publish to enlighten you; ask your neighbors of all political parties why change? and the verdict will be, "stand square—shoulder to shoulder—to the Democratic party."—Greensboro Patriot.

Geyers Appear in Summerville, S. C.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 23.—Despatches received at 2 a. m., report the damage at Summerville by the shock yesterday afternoon, greater than at first stated. Seventy-five chimneys will have to come down. A number of geyers have been discovered where only water spouts up continually. The water has an odor similar to kerosene oil, and is accompanied by a fine sand of different colors. The people of the town are thoroughly worked up again, and great uneasiness is felt by all. The duration of the shock is estimated at from twenty to thirty seconds, and the force was so great that persons found it exceedingly difficult to open doors, or get out of their houses to a safer locality, and some cases are reported where persons were thrown down by the shaking. There was a slight shock in Summerville and Charleston at 11:55 last night. No damage done.

The development of geyers at Summerville by yesterday's shocks is corroborated, but the kerosene oil found in the water is explained by the fact that refuse from the Crockett Oil Factory had been emptied into the drains in which the geyers appeared.

It is reported that water was thrown up fully 3 feet from one of the geyers near the Ashley river. The water was cold as ice and as clear as crystal. No rain disturbances occurred there to day.

## — President Cleveland visited the Richmond Fair and was received with genuine Virginia hospitality. His speech was highly complimentary to the old commonwealth. His address concludes as follows:—

"If in the past we have been estranged and the cultivation of American citizenship has been interrupted, your enthusiastic welcome of to-day demonstrates that there is an end to such estrangement, and that the time of suspicion and fear is succeeded by an era of faith and confidence. In such kindly atmosphere and beneath such cheering signs, I greet the people of Virginia as co-laborers in a field where grows love of our united country."

"God grant that in the years to come Virginia, the Old Dominion, Mother of Presidents, who looked on the nation at its birth, may not only increase her trophies of growth in agriculture and manufactures, but that she may be among the first of all the States in the cultivation of true American citizenship."

After the address the presidential party repaired to the "President's house," and there had an informal reception, at which it was understood that he desired to meet and shake hands with the people.

"The people" were not slow to gratify his excellency in this matter, and for about an hour and a half there was a constant stream of people pouring through the room, shaking hands with the President, and saying kind words, which were very graciously and pleasantly received.

The President also visited the "Confederate Home" and expressed himself as highly gratified that the old Confederates have so pleasant a home.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

—Corn in this section is nearly all gathered, and it is better than people had anticipated.

—Put a small amount of borax in the water, and wooden cloths can be washed with much less trouble.

—Many persons are done sowing wheat, and others cannot finish until the ground is softened by rain. Some wheat is coming up nicely.

—We hear some complaint that sweet potatoes which were dug during the warm weather this fall are rotting rather badly.

—Common soda is excellent for scouring tin vessels. It will make them look almost new. Rub it on with moistened paper, and then polish with dry paper.

—If a little saltpetre be put in water, in which bouquets are placed, it will preserve the blossoms much longer than if nothing but pure water be used.

—We are told that one man in Davidson county has sowed his crop of wheat a second time. He sowed early, and his wheat had heated in the box, and the ground being dry, were the causes of its not coming up well.

—An excellent way to treat scabs and burns is to exclude all air from them by putting on them cotton batting, flour paste or any substance which will prevent the air from coming in contact with the affected parts.

—Jonathan Stewart has bought a lot near Winston, and is building a house on it. Mr. Stewart commenced keeping house about 45 years ago, and since then he has built and lived in 18 houses, and he is now building his nineteenth one.

—The following liniment is said to be good for rheumatism, sprains, bruises, insect bites, &c. One raw egg well beaten, half pint of vinegar, one ounce of turpentine, a quarter ounce of camphor, and half an ounce of spirits of wine. Mix well, and put it in a bottle, and cork well for future use.

—A dog belonging to Samuel Eller, was supposed to have run mad. It bit several dogs in the neighborhood, and tried to bite some children. The dogs bitten have most of them been killed. After a week the dog came back to Mr. Eller's, and was killed.

—J. A. White, senior member of the firm of J. A. White & Son, buggy manufacturers of Winston, is taking out a patent on an improvement to a sulky. By his invention, the seat is connected to and balanced to the axle by a set of springs, and attached to the shafts in such a way that there is scarcely any weight to be carried by the horses. Any one in need of a sulky, should examine and note its advantages.

—David Jones let off his fish pond one day last week, in order to cleanse it of turtles, terrapins and frogs. We saw some nice fish, and there was a bountiful stock of small ones. Some which he says were spawned this spring; would weigh at least one pound. Carp grow rapidly it well fed. Mr. Jones feeds his fish daily.

—Bird hunters in Winston, say that many farmers are posting their land. From the conversation of these hunters, we think it is time to post land, for from the report of 4 of them they killed in all nearly 200 partridges last week. It is not much trouble for hunters to ask permission to hunt on land, and owners are not apt to object to it if parties want to indulge in the sport only occasionally.

—We hear of an old lady in Midway township who picked and dried 100 pounds of blackberries. She is more than 80 years of age, but still does more work than the great majority of girls, taken individually. We could not help but pity this old lady, if we did not know she has plenty of property to maintain her comfortably during life, and still leave a good share to her heirs.

—Richard Beeson says that he has left several wild grape vines standing about in the edges of fields, and tends the ground around them, and he has sold enough grapes off of them this fall, to amount to over \$4 in cash. These vines have not hindered him from tending grain, and consequently their produce is all clear profit. He says that farmers should let them stand where found in the borders of fields, for grapes do better on vines thus located.

## "It Saved My Life"

Is a common expression, often heard from those who have realized, by personal use, the curative powers of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. "I cannot say enough in praise of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, believing as I do that, but for its use, I should long since have died from lung troubles."—E. Bragdon, Palestine, Tex.

About six months ago I had a severe hemorrhage of the lungs, brought on by a distressing cough, which deprived me of sleep and rest. I had used various cough syrups and expectorants, without obtaining relief. A friend advised me to try

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

I did so, and am happy to say that it helped me at once. By continued use this medicine cured my cough, and I am satisfied, saved my life.—Mrs. E. Colburn, 18 Second St., Lowell, Mass.

I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for over a year, and sincerely believe I should have been in my grave, had it not been for this medicine. It has cured me of a dangerous affection of the lungs, for which I had almost despaired of ever finding a remedy.—D. A. McMullen, Windsor, Province of Ontario.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life. Two years ago I took a very severe cold which settled on my lungs. I consulted physicians and took the remedies they prescribed, but failed to obtain relief until I began using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Two bottles of this medicine completely restored my health.—Lizzie M. Allen, West Lancaster, Ohio.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles \$5.

—Many farmers are raising improved chickens, and giving them extra attention, and as a consequence these chickens lay much larger and richer eggs than the ordinary breeds which are poorly fed. Some complain that when they go to market, they receive no more for such eggs than others do for smaller ones. The only correct way to sell eggs is by weight, for there are some 8 of which will weigh a pound, while there are others that would require 12 to weigh a pound.

THE TWIN CITY

MUSIC HOUSE,

LIBERTY ST., WINSTON, N. C.

Will promptly fill all orders for the Chickering, Mason & Hamlin, Arion and Beut Pianos.

The Mason & Hamlin, Packard and Bay State Organs.

from the Ludden & Bates Southern Music House; and has in stock all kinds of SMALL MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, MUSICAL MERCHANDISE, &c.

Will keep a full line of the latest SHEET MUSIC AND MUSIC BOOKS.

Tuning and repairing thoroughly done. Old Instruments taken in exchange for new.

Prof. C. L. WILSON, and J. H. HARRELL, Proprietors.

Sept. 23—3m.

COFFINS!!

CASKETS,

BURIAL ROBES, &c.

A full and complete line of the above Goods, always on hand, which I will sell CHEAPER than any house in this city. In addition to this department is my extensive

FURNITURE BUSINESS.

I have secured the services of the most experienced workmen, and have spared neither care nor money to prepare to fully meet the demands of all. I have an elegant HEARSE, and my entire stock is new and of the latest styles.

UPHOLSTERING A SPECIALTY.

I am still headquarters for FURNITURE and at prices that defy competition.

Bedsteads, Baby Carriages, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Parlors and Chamber Suits in Endless Variety. Also

Crockery, Glassware, Decorated Dinner Sets, &c., Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Matting.

in endless variety. In fact if you need goods at bottom prices call on

CICERO TISE.

May 20—6m.

TAKE NOTICE.

Having purchased the BARBER SHOP formerly owned by Charles W. Williams, in the

Buxton and Shelton Block, Main St.,

I take great pleasure in inviting my friends and numerous customers to call on me, as I am prepared to wait on them in the best style of the most modern Art.

Nice, clean Bath Tubs in connection with my Shop, where cold or warm baths can be had at all hours.

Gates' Hair Renewer, price \$1.00. Gates' Neuralgia Medicine, price \$1.00.

ALEX. GATES, THE BARBER.

Winston, N. C., No. 36—3m.

POMONA HILL

NURSERIES!!

POMONA, N. C.

THESE NURSERIES ARE LOCATED 24 miles west of Greensboro, at the junction of the Richmond & Danville and Salem Branch Railroads. There you can find One and a Half Million of Trees and Vines Growing.

Parties wanting Trees, &c., are respectfully invited to call and examine stock and learn the extent of these Nurseries. Stock consists of all the leading and new varieties of Apple, Peach, Pear, (Standard and Dwarf), Plums, Apricots, Grapes, Cherries, Mulberries, Nectarines, Figs, Quinces, Gooseberries, Raspberries, Currants, Focans, English Walnuts, Japanese Persimmons, Strawberries, and in fact everything of the hardy class usually kept in a first-class Nursery.

SUITABLE FOR NORTH CAROLINA and the Southern Border States.

New Fruit special note are the Yellow Transparent Apple, Lady Ingle's Peach, the Lawson, Keiffer, Lady Duke and Beaupre Peaches, Niagara and Georgia Grapes, Wolford's Winter.

25¢ DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE FREE. Correspondence solicited. Special inducements to large parties.

J. VAN LINDLEY, Address, Pomona, Guilford Co., N. C.

No. 29—3m.

T. R. PURNELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.

BUSINESS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

R. B. KERNER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WINSTON, N. C.

1878.

# FALL AND WINTER STYLES 1886-1887.

WE ADMIT OF NO SUPERIORS AND ACKNOWLEDGE NO EQUALS IN OUR MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF FALL STYLES.

Our Store is now Filled to the utmost with a choice line of carefully selected Bargains In

Men's, Youth's, Boy's and Children's Fashionable Clothing,

—AND—

GENT'S FINE FURNISHING GOODS.

All of the prevailing Styles are here shown in Assortment Complete, specially purchased to meet the known wants of this community.

SO MUCH FOR QUALITY, NOW FOR PRICE.

Our Prices one of Uniform Low Grade.

Our Prices Never Equalled.

Our Prices do Our Talking.

Our Prices can not be copied by would be competitors.

Our Prices Make our Business, which talks for Itself.

WE HAVE ADDED TO OUR STOCK A LARGE LINE OF

—SOFT AND STIFF STYLISH HATS.

Every article of Clothing now offered by us has been made expressly for the SEASON'S WEAR, and IS NEW, NO OLD OR SHOP WORN GOODS to be found in our Stock.

Every careful buyer will inspect our Stock when in want of CLOTHING.

WE GIVE AWAY A BOY'S POLO CAP WITH EVERY CHILD'S SUIT.

DON'T FAIL TO VISIT THE PLACE.

BALTIMORE CLOTHING HOUSE,

Granite Front, - Main St., Winston, N. C. - M. M. STEIN, Prop'r.

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST. Read This and Think it Over!

Dissolved Bone Phosphate For Wheat.

D. S. REID

will sell his well known DISSOLVED BONE PHOSPHATE FOR WHEAT at

\$24 per ton CASH, and \$28 per ton TIME.

Fresh lot just received. Be sure and see him before you buy. He is also receiving a LARGE AND WELL SELECTED

STOCK OF GOODS OF ALL KINDS,

WHICH HE HAS BOUGHT AT

PANIC PRICES,

and which he expects to give his customers the benefit of.

Thanking his friends for their very liberal support in the past, hoping by close attention to business and fair dealings with all, to merit a continuance of their patronage.

Winston, N. C., Sept. 16th, 1886.

DON'T READ THIS

unless you are interested. The SALEM IRON WORKS, Salem, N. C., want every person who is in need of a good STEAM ENGINE, BOILER, SAW MILL, PLAIN-IRON and MATCHES, FULLENS, HANGERS, SHAFTING, &c., to write to them for prices.

\$1,000.00

will buy a first-class ENGINE, BOILER and SAW MILL, OUTFIT that will cut from 5,000 to 8,000 feet of lumber per day. Address SALEM IRON WORKS, Salem, N. C.

SPECIAL NOTICE

is hereby given to the public generally, and especially to the people of North Carolina, that the SALEM IRON WORKS, Salem, N. C., manufacturers of STEAM ENGINES, SAW MILLS and PLAIN-IRONS, which they are willing to put in competition with those of any other manufacturers, considering prices, material and workmanship. Don't fail to write for circular and prices.

WANTED!

Live energetic agents in all parts of the world, to sell the celebrated HEBE SAW MILL, manufactured by the SALEM IRON WORKS, Salem, N. C.

THE BEST

WASHER

We will guarantee the "LOVELL" WASHER to do better work and do it easier and in less time than any other machine in the world. Warranted five years, and if it don't wash the clothes clean, without rubbing, we will refund the money.

AGENTS WANTED

PROOF that Agents are making from \$75 to \$150 per month. Farmers make \$25 to \$50 during the winter. Ladies have never so much success selling this Washer. Retail price only \$5. Agents to show and deliver at \$12. Also the celebrated KEYSTONE WELTINGERS at manufacturers' lowest price. We invite the serious investigator. Send your address on a postal card for further particulars.

LOVELL WASHER CO., ERIE, PA.

Headquarters!

S. E. ALLEN,

CORNER 3rd AND MAIN STREETS, WINSTON, N. C.

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

GLASSWARE, LAMPS, &c.

—AGENT FOR—

AGENT FOR

Champion Mowers, Reapers and Binders.

Farmer's Favorite Grain Drill.

Farmer Girl Cook Stove.

Fairbank's Standard Scales.

Longman and Martinez strictly pure prepared Paints.

King's Great Western Powder Company's Powder.

Hercules Powder or Dynamite.



LOCAL ITEMS.

AN EPITOME OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS.

Departure and arrival of Trains on the Salem Branch—N.W.C.R.R.  
No. 10 Leaves 6:30 a. m. Mail closes 5:45.  
No. 11 Arrives 11:30 a. m.  
No. 12 Leaves 7:35 p. m. Mail closes 6:45.  
No. 13 Arrives 12:30 p. m.  
Money Order and Register business closes 4:30 p. m.

To the Voters of Forsyth County.  
The report is being circulated that I can and will place a Rail Road tax upon Forsyth County; such is not my intention, nor would it be possible.—Art. 7, Sec. 7, of the Constitution of North Carolina reads as follows:

“No county, city, town or other municipal corporation shall contract any debt, pledge its faith, or loan its credit, nor shall any tax be levied or collected by any officers of the same, except for the necessary expenses thereof, unless by a vote of the majority of the qualified voters therein.”

The general R. R. Law, Chapter 49, of the Code of North Carolina, re-iterates the above.

Respectfully  
H. E. FRIKES.

Oct. 26th, 1886.

Election next Tuesday.

All who have not registered should not delay.

T. R. Parnell, Esq., is here this week.

Whooping cough is prevailing to some extent in Kernersville.

Cow for sale, very cheap. Apply to C. E. Crist.

Lamps have been put up at Oak Ridge Institute for lighting up the grounds.

Oak Ridge Public School, Miss Sallie Benbow teacher, commences next Monday.

The dime circus was well patronized having large crowds every day and night.

Mountain wagons loaded with apples and chestnuts are beginning to make their appearance.

Prof. R. O. Holt, of Oak Ridge Institute, is building a neat residence near the College building.

John Benbow, of Oak Ridge, sports a span of sorrel mares that are hard to beat as a match.

The Germantown Times by J. E. Crews & Co., I. H. Bain, editor, received. Success to it.

A protracted meeting was commenced at Macedonia on last Sunday by Rev. John F. McCuiston.

Col. Winston, independent candidate for Congress, spoke to a small crowd in the court-house, Tuesday.

There was no quorum at the meeting of magistrates Saturday, and of course no business transacted.

The employees on the Railroad are now paid off with checks sent to Depot Agents, which does away with the pay train.

The drought was broken Tuesday by rain accompanied by thunder and lightning. Good rains Tuesday night and Wednesday.

Dr. J. W. Hunter is making preparations for enlarging the building on Main Street occupied by D. A. Spang as a provision store.

Miss Sudie Murphy, of Salisbury, who was visiting her cousin, Mrs. Ned Harris, in this place, left for her home on last Saturday evening.

The lecture in Brown's Hall, Monday night, by "Bill Arp" was well attended as all his lectures are. It netted the Broad Street Baptist church \$98.

A fine Jersey heifer calf, which John Benbow, of Oak Ridge, purchased of Jos. H. Stuckton, of Winston, took a premium at the New Garden Fair on the 21st inst.

The prayer meetings at Elm Street chapel are still being continued, entering upon the seventh week on Monday night. During the six weeks 185 persons were converted.

J. C. Buxton, Esq., canvassed Stokes county last week, and we learn there is no doubt of his carrying that county. His election to the Senate and Mr. Fries' election to the House is conceded.

Superior court convened Monday, Judge McRae presiding. There are on the criminal docket 144 cases, (none capital offences), 52 civil cases and 25 on the summons docket.

—Progressive Farmer.

Quite a lively time in Winston, this week. Court commenced on Monday, Bill Arp lectured on Monday night, Hazel Kirke on Wednesday night, the fire extinguisher and the dime circus. What else will be on hand before the week closes we do not know.

Henry Thorneclow for many years miller at Benbow's mill, near Oak Ridge, has rented and moved his family to a farm belonging to Dr. Ector, near Friendship, in Guilford county. Mr. Thorneclow will continue his situation at the mill until Christmas.

WANTED.—A situation in a dry goods or confectionery store, by a single lady, who is fully competent to fill the place; or would go as day governess in private family. Salary moderate—good references.

Address Miss C. Salem, N. C.

The New Fire Steamer.

All during the summer Rough & Ready Fire Company, of Salem, has been in a fever heat of expectation. After many pros and cons our commissioners decided to purchase a fire steamer early in the year. Of course, as soon as known among the fire engine manufacturers applications for the order came pouring in, but with that conservatism which has made the name of Salem famous, most careful and minute examination was given to the claims of the two types, the rotary and the piston. This resulted in the purchase of a Button Engine, No. 5, manufactured at Waterford, N. Y., by the Button Fire Engine Co. The engine is of the piston type.

Last week the engine arrived, and on Friday, Mr. Henry Gaunt, the Button Co.'s delivering engineer, made the tests. The engine was taken to the bridge across the mill race on the Happy Hill road, and from 2 to 5 p. m., Mr. Gaunt put her to the severest possible tests.

In 3 minutes after lighting the fire in the indicator on the steam gauge left the pin, and in 5 1/2 minutes the water was pouring steadily from the nozzle. From then on each test was more than successful, and the large audience was delighted with the ease with which she responded to the exacting demands of her engineer.

At the conclusion of the test the engine was taken to the large reservoir in the public square, where putting two streams on, she threw water so far on top of Salem Female Academy, with scarcely a drop falling on the street, and away beyond the gilded ball on top of the Moryan church steeple, which is 100 feet from the pavement.

On Saturday evening Mr. Robertson, Rough & Ready's engineer, took the engine to the corner of New Shawford and Salt Street, and gave her a test on his own behalf, beating Mr. Gaunt's test record by half a minute in firing up. A large crowd was present, and greatly enjoyed the exhibition.

The engine is a beauty to look at, yet simple in construction and manipulation, compact and substantial, running steady and true under mighty pressure and exacting work. By simply turning a cock, she can be crippled, that is, the water can be cut off and any change in hose, nozzle or location be made without any change in her own running. Her safety-valve device for regulating her boiler pressure, is one of the best things of the kind we have ever seen.

To sum up: Our firemen, our two communities, as well as Salem, and our Board of Commissioners are to be congratulated on this latest acquisition for fighting the dreaded fire fiend. To the Button Company great credit is due for the excellence of the engine. With modesty they assert the good qualities of their work, and prove them with steam pressure, fuel consumption and water quantity.

Comparisons are odious, yet they will be made. As between the two engines, Winston's and Salem's, we say, give us, give us, give us, as good work as has been done by the older steamer and we will be satisfied. Still, you know, all the same, we will maintain, at the point of steam, that our Button is the prettiest, and so or through the superlative adjectives, Button or any other Button that ever was made or seen.

The following are the official figures made at the test on Friday: 3 minutes after lighting the fire the gauge indicated 2 pounds of steam; in 4 minutes, 5 pounds; in 5 minutes, 16 pounds; in 5 1/2 minutes, 22 pounds, engine running and hose discharging a large stream of water. With 2 1/2 foot hose sections, 4 in. nozzle, water was thrown 234 feet; with 500 feet hose, 2 1/2 in. nozzle, 1000 feet hose, 180 feet. These figures were all made by actual tape-line measurement. 150 pounds was the maximum and 22 pounds the minimum of steam pressure. Coal consumption about 100 pounds per hour. The ordinary steam pressure to be used hereafter will be 70 to 90 pounds, water pressure but little more. After all this it is hardly necessary to say that while she was under test she was Button's engine, she is now our Button, and proud we are of her.

—Miss Coleman, at the old Salem Hotel, would be glad to get fancy work, linen, silk or worsted embroidery, hand painting on velvet, satin, marble and wood, or writing of any kind, copying, &c. Would also teach a class in hand painting at reasonable rates. Work done neat and cheap.

—David Sears, the man indicted and tried last week at Yadkin court for the murder of F. Flynn, several months since, in that county, was convicted of manslaughter and sentenced for 15 years in the penitentiary. Sears and Flynn it will be remembered, had a dispute over a game of cards, when the former stabbed Flynn with a knife, inflicting a fatal wound.

—A list of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Salem, N. C., for the week ending Oct. 23rd, 1886:

Ladies.  
Miss C. L. Henderson, Miss Flora A. Shields.  
Gentlemen.  
H. C. Bowen, Mr. W. W. Cornelius, Mr. Joseph Miller, Mr. John W. Hartman, Mr. A. Hege, Messrs Jones & Reich, Mr. Morris, Mr. John Parrish, Mr. Wm. Sharp, Mr. W. W. Switzer, Mr. S. Taylor Thornton.

To obtain any of these letters the applicant must call for advertised letters. If not called for within one month they will be sent to the dead letter office.

T. R. DOUTHITT, P. M.

LARGE VARIETY!

LARGE QUANTITY!!

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING!

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING!!

—AT THE—

Baltimore Clothing House!

GRANITE FRONT,

WINSTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

CORRESPONDENCE.

LETTERS FROM OUR FRIENDS.

KERNERSVILLE LETTER.

Messrs. Editors:—In my last communication, in reference among other things, to our protracted meeting here, I intended to write and thought I had written, that brother R. P. Leinback had done some good preaching for us. It seems I left the good out, and only had some preaching, I regret it, as I thought myself and others made the remark, that brother R. P. Leinback was extra good. We Moravian preachers don't often get any praise, and when we try to praise one another, we make a mess of it.

I see from the Press that the Chinese Laundrymen have left Winston, and this reminds me that some weeks ago a colored woman came to our place and proposed to instruct our washer woman a new process in starching and ironing, and several took lessons, two particularly, Margaret Mitchell and Caroline Nelson, and they both can do up wash equal to anything the Chinamen can do, and at about half the price they charge.

Mrs. Sally Kerner brought us as a present a basket of beautiful apples, the finest I have seen this year. I think they call them Golden Russets. Apples are quite scarce in our neighborhood; some orchards were quite full but the apples rotted and fell off before getting time.

Mr. Roberts, of the firm of Board & Roberts, has gone to the Northern cities to lay in their winter stock of goods. I remember, when a small boy, seeing Mr. Jacob Blum, at that time the only merchant in Salem, start North in an old fashioned two wheeled gig, a vehicle in those days quite common. My friend, Mr. Anderson Lewis, has now, but he calls it a dog cart. If every thing went well, Mr. Blum would make his trip out and back in six or seven weeks, and that was considered quick, 60 years ago.

Mr. Italy Davis, saddle and harness maker, has moved into his new shop and has on hand a good lot of saddles and harness of his own make which he offers to sell very low. Mr. Davis has been here in business 40 years, this last Spring, when he opened shop, and his work is known all over the Western part of this State and a good portion of South Carolina, and he is a clever man besides being a good workman.

Mr. Lowry has moved into his new house lately purchased from Mr. J. W. Beard, on Salisbury Street; and Mr. C. W. Stafford has contracted to put him up a frame barn and expects to begin next week.

Mr. Robertson's family living with Mrs. Emily Kerner for the last year, has moved to Mr. William Griffith's. This afternoon about 3 o'clock we were again considerably shaken up by a shock of earthquake almost as severe as the first one several weeks ago, and there was a repetition about five o'clock. In the printing office some type were thrown into pie on the galleys, and the bottles on the shelves in the drug store of Mr. Watkins had a regular musical jingle on the occasion. Elder Bodenhammer was near the depot at Mr. Robert Jordan's, and there the shock was very severe.

There is to be a Sunday School gathering at Piney Grove to-morrow. I have an invitation and perhaps will go, and may have something to say about it in my next.

The other morning, going to the Post-Office, Mr. L. S. Harmon called to me to come over and see a wagon body full of the largest sweet potatoes I ever saw, taken as a whole; he picked out four of the largest and gave them to me, and they were as much as I could carry in my arms. Mr. Harmon claims to be the banner potato raiser of the town.

C. L. R. Kernersville, Oct. 22nd, 1886.

MARRIED.

In Winston, on last Thursday night, by Rev. J. H. White, CHARLES CASEY to Miss BETTY PERHAM.

In Broadway Township, by Chas. Rothrock, Esq., GEO. LINCOLN POPE to Miss CLARA CHARLES, daughter of Martin Charles.

On the 14th inst., by J. E. Fawcett, Mr. NAKMAN W. SKIDER to Miss M. C. GRIFFITH, all of Forsyth.

DIED.

In this county, on Saturday morning, October 23rd, Mrs. P. N. NELL, wife of I. N. Nell, after a painful illness, aged 73 years and one month. She was a consistent member of the Methodist church.

In Greensboro on the 22nd inst., JOSEPH F. CADEY, a well known citizen of Greensboro.

In Winston, Monday night, JULIUS, son of Mrs. M. J. Whitlow, aged 16 years.

SALEM MARKETS.

Wheat,	.....	\$1 60 to 1 15
Corn, per bushel,	.....	90 to 95
Oats,	.....	80 to 85
Rye,	.....	100 to 110
Barley, per bushel,	.....	2 50 to 3 00
Flour, per hundred,	.....	1 00 to 1 10
Peas, (old), per bushel,	.....	0 00 to 0 30
Peas, (white),	.....	1 00 to 1 10
Beans, (old),	.....	0 00 to 0 75
Beans, (white),	.....	1 50 to 2 00
Onion Sets, per bushel,	.....	0 00 to 0 10
Pork,	.....	8 00 to 9 00
Lard,	.....	8 00 to 9 00
Country Meat, (hog round),	.....	10 00 to 12 00
Butter, per pound,	.....	15 to 20
Green Apples, (per bushel),	.....	0 65 to 0 75
Hams,	.....	10 to 12
Tallow,	.....	5 to 10
Beeswax,	.....	10 to 12
Flax Seed, per bushel,	.....	90 to 1 00
Potatoes, Irish, per bushel,	.....	75 to 1 00
Potatoes, sweet,	.....	10 00 to 12 00
Cabbages, per pound,	.....	15 to 20
Chickens,	.....	60 to 65
Hay	.....	60 to 65

Winston Tobacco Market.

Lugs Common Green,	3 00 to 4 00
"Bright,"	5 50 to 6 50
"Good,"	8 00 to 10 00
"Fine,"	13 00 to 16 00
"Fillers, Common,"	7 00 to 9 00
"Good,"	8 00 to 12 00
"Fine,"	10 00 to 15 00
Leaf, common,	4 50 to 5 50
"Medium,"	6 50 to 7 50
"Good,"	10 00 to 12 50
Outters, Good,	20 00 to 25 00
"Fine,"	25 00 to 30 00
Rich Waxey Fillers,	12 00 to 16 00
Wrappers, Common,	35 00 to 45 00
"Good,"	50 00 to 60 00
"Fine,"	60 00 to 70 00

Pimples, Boils,

And Carbuncles result from a debilitated, impoverished, or impure condition of the blood. Ayer's Sarsaparilla prevents and cures these eruptions and painful tumors, by removing their cause; the only effectual way of treating them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has prevented the usual course of Boils, which have pained and distressed the every season for several years.—G. Scales, Plainville, Mich.

I was badly troubled with Pimples on the face; also with a discoloration of the skin, which made me feel in ugly dark patches. No external treatment did more than temporary good. Ayer's Sarsaparilla effected a cure.

A Perfect Cure, and I have not been troubled since.—T. W. Boddy, River St., Lowell, Mass.

I was troubled with Boils, and my health was much impaired. I began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and, in due time, the eruptions all disappeared, and my place was completely restored.—John R. Elkins, Editor Stanley Observer, Albemarle, N. C.

I was troubled, for a long time, with a humor which appeared on my face in ugly Pimples and Blisters. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me. I consider it the best blood purifier in the world.—Charles H. Smith, North Craftsbury, Vt.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla Is sold by all druggists. It is not a secret, and is not a medicine to be taken any other.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

—A choice lot of THOMPSON'S CIGARS at the Cheap Variety Store.

—SOLID SILVER SPOONS and TRIPLE PLATED SILVER WARE, at bottom figures, for sale by J. BEVAN, Silversmith, Main Street, Winston, N. C.

—For Artists' Tube Colors, Brushes and Artists' Materials of all kinds, go to ASHCRAFT & OWENS, Druggists, Winston, N. C.

—Shall our nights be spent in idleness and darkness when such a variety of LAMPS as S. E. ALLEN has on hand remains?

—For ELEGANT JEWELRY, in endless variety, go to BEVAN, the Jeweler, Main Street, Winston, N. C.

—CLOCKS of all kinds and WALKING CANES, at BEVAN'S Jewelry Store, Main Street, Winston, N. C.

—GOOD SYRUPS and MOLASSES—SUGARS and COFFEES,—sold at the lowest living rates, at the Cheap Variety Store, Main Street, Salem, N. C.

—Largest Stock of Ladies and Gents Gold and Silver WATCHES, at J. BEVAN, Watchmaker, 55 Main Street, Winston, N. C.

—Chew the MAGGIE MAY, the best Tobacco sold for the money. A trial plug will prove the assertion. Only 35c. (thirty-five cents) per lb. Sold at the Cheap Variety Store.

—SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES, in Gold, Silver, Steel and Rubber frames, to suit all Eyes, you will find at BEVAN'S, the Optician, Main Street, Winston, N. C.

—If you want your WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY REPAIRED, by skilled workmen, and ENGRAVING and LETTERING done by practical Engravers, go to J. BEVAN, Watchmaker and Jeweler, Main Street, Winston, N. C.

FAMILY BIBLES.

Persons wishing FAMILY BIBLES will please call and examine styles and prices at the Salem Bookstore. JOHN H. ZEVELY.

NOTICE.

WE, of the firm of Waggoner & Keelin, by mutual consent, have dissolved partnership, and all persons owing said firm are requested to call on and pay to Henry E. Keelin & Co., who will continue business at the old stand.

H. E. WAGGONER, HENRY E. KEELIN.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 27, 1886.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of Forsyth Superior Court, I will sell on Saturday, November 13th, on the premises, two tracts of land, belonging respectively to the estates of Polly and Andrew Fletcher. These tracts lie about 2 miles south of Salem, adjoining the lands of Andrew Burk and others. A credit of 3 months will be given; a bond with approved security required on day of sale. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, P. M.

JAMES T. LINEBACK, Adm'r of Polly and Andrew Fletcher. Oct. 13, 1886—4t.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH.

RICHMOND, VA.

THE GREAT FAMILY WEEKLY.

Eight Large Pages, 64 Columns, only \$1 per Year.

The Weekly Dispatch is filled with the news from all parts of the world. Our editorial writers are of the highest caliber. All great social, religious and political movements at home or abroad are faithfully chronicled.

All new discoveries in science and their application to agricultural and mechanical arts, find a place in its columns.

The farmer has a department full of instructive matter; and the ladies are kept informed of Fashion varying phases and of all new household novelties.

It is a welcome visitor to every member of the family.

Every number contains an interesting story, and portraits and biographical sketches of leading men of our own and other countries.

A weekly review of the principal markets of the United States is published.

In short, we aim to make the Weekly Dispatch so attractive in all its departments that its readers will not willingly give it up, and so valuable as an educator of young and old, that no family can afford to be without it.

Special attention is given to North Carolina news, our corps of correspondents being stationed in every part of the State.

Our circulation was doubled the past year. The advertising rates are liberal, and we are already receiving, give assurance that it will be more than doubled again this year.

The money is not wanted for any other purpose. Try the Weekly Dispatch one year, by sending a dollar to

THE DISPATCH COMPANY, Richmond, Va.

TAX NOTICE.

I am now ready to receive the Corporation Taxes for this year. Please call and pay. The money is not wanted for any other purpose. Engine House expenses at once. The Levy is 40 cents on the \$100, \$1.20 on the \$1,000 and \$2.00 on the \$10,000. L. N. CLINARD, Salem, Sept. 10, 1886, Tax Collector.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining iron with pure vegetable, brims quick and completely cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fever, and Neuritis.

It is an infallible remedy for Diseases of the Kidney and Liver. It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It induces more on the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—order from medicine stores, or send for a sample. It stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves heartburn and belching, strengthens the muscles and nerves, and cures Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Loss of Energy, &c. It is no equal.

The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Sale only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

GUILFORD NURSERIES.

ARE located on the Cape Fear & Yadkin Railroad, 3 miles south of Greensboro, N. C., where can be found a fine assortment of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Plants, &c., consisting in part the following: Apple, Peach, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Apricot, Nectarine, Quince, Fig, Mulberry, Japanese Persimmon, Strawberry, Raspberry, Gooseberry, Currant, &c. Specialties.—Apple, Peach, Plum and Cherry Trees. My stock of Peach consists of 300,000 trees of the best varieties for market and home use; of Plum, Wild Goose, Sloe, and Imperial Gage, Green Gage, Washington, Peach Plum, Richland, Weaver, &c.; of Cherries, all the leaders for market and home consumption; of Grapes, Concord, Ives, Champion, Norton, Martha, Delaware, Worden, Niagara and all the best Wine and Table Grapes. I have 150,000 vines ready for fall planting of the above varieties and can give special prices to those who contemplate planting vineyards. Of Strawberries, all the best and most profitable kinds.

Send your orders early; they will be carefully filled, and no pains spared to please the purchaser. Special prices given to large planters. Correspondence solicited. Catalogues mailed to applicants.

G. L. ANTHONY, Prop'r, Vandalia P. O., N. C.

Shipping point: Greensboro, N. C. 4t—3m.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The Next Session Opens August 26th.

FIFTEEN PROFESSORS offers a wide range of instruction in Literature, Science and Philosophy. The Law School and the Department of Normal Instruction are fully equipped. Special higher training in all the departments is provided for graduates of the University and other Colleges. Catalogues sent free. Address: President, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, N. C.

Ang. 5, 1886—3m.

CEAR COVE NURSERIES.

Over One Million Fruit Trees, Vines & Plants suitable for permanent orchard planting and stock for Nurserymen.

Every desirable variety of Apple, Peach, Pear, Cherry, Apricot, Nectarine, Plum, Grapes, Strawberries, &c., at the most reasonable rates.

Call or write before ordering elsewhere and learn the extent of these Nurseries. Stock unrivalled,—straight, true, thrifty. Catalogue sent free. Address

N. W. CRAFT, SHORE, YADKIN CO., N. C.

Tobacco Manufacturers Attention!

A BARGAIN FOR SOMEbody.

We have for sale the following: 10 Retainers for manufacturing tobacco. 10 Box Screens " " " " 5 Sets Shapes " " " " 5 Pail Mills " " " " A large lot of Iron plates, &c., &c. All the above named fixtures are in good order having been used only two seasons. Will sell cheap, either singly or all together. Call and examine same at SALEM IRON WORKS, Salem, N. C.

North Carolina, } In Superior Court, FORSYTH COUNTY.

Lucy Mock, widow of Jesse Mock, de'd, plaintiff,

against

A. B. Mock, Matilda Weimer and her husband Ephraim Weimer and others, defendants.

Petition for dower in lands of said deceased.

It appearing to the court that three of the children of Paulina, intermarried with David Sink, to-wit: Josephine Sink, Mary Sink and Sarah Sink, and their husbands, whose names are unknown, are not residents of this State—they are hereby notified and required to be and appear in the office of the Superior Court of said County, at the Court-House in Winston, North Carolina, on the 22nd day of October, 1886, and then and there answer or demur to the complaint filed in the above entitled action, or judgment will be rendered against them in accordance with the relief demanded in said complaint.



## A CITY'S ACTIVE FIREMEN.

CELEBRITY WITH WHICH FIRES ARE HANDLED IN NEW YORK.

Firemen Ready a Few Seconds After the Alarm Gongs Strike—Machinery and Methods.

Allying to the quick time made by city firemen in the past few years, the alarm gongs striking in the engine houses, a writer says in the New York Sun. When Patrol went to the fire on Friday night, Lieut. Hewson and Patrol Sergeant Smith jumped into their clothes so fast that the Sun reporter couldn't time them.

"Twelve seconds is the average time it takes a fireman to dress when an alarm starts him out of bed at night," Sergeant Smith said, "and I'll bet \$100 to \$1 as many times as anybody wants to bet the odds that we have men here who can dress in six seconds every time they want to."

The essential thing in putting fires out in a hurry is to get the machinery there, as well as the men who handle it. And it is in this essential thing about the science of handling fires that our Fire Commissioners think the department comes as near perfection as it is possible for human ingenuity to reach. Improvement after improvement has been made, and now the loss of time in hitting has been reduced apparently absolutely to the minimum. There are only two things about it that aren't automatic.

One is the movement of the horse from the stalls to their places beside the engine shaft, and the snapping of the collars over their necks by the watchman. And both these are done automatically in such a way that they are as good as automatic anyhow. Automatic machinery does all of the rest of the work quick enough to make your head ache when you think of the time details. The instant the operator at the Fire Headquarters opens the circuit to send an alarm, the current drops a bar of brass, and pulls a steel wire that automatically unclips the springs at the sides of the stalls, thus halting the horses. The hammer of the gong, simultaneously with the first alarm stroke, stops the little "record" clock that ticks the time, and keeps the gong, and thus automatically keeps a record of the time consumed in going to a fire, putting it out, and coming back.

By comparing the little clock with the big clock on the wall, the time kept going all the time, the Captain of the company can tell at a glance just how long it took to do any given piece of work. The time is always suspended over the shaft by an automatic "lunger." It is held in position there by strings. When the driver grasps the reins, the watchman snaps the collars around the horse's necks, and automatic weights attached to the collars pull the strings, thus carrying the framework of the "lunger" up over the head of the way. Improvements are steadily being made in the collars that the horse wears, and recently in the design of the collars, which are made in two sections, fastened by a hinge at the top, and snap together with an automatic steel spring lock. Collars made of cast iron are usually introduced into some of the engine houses. They are made of steel, and are lighter than the leather collars, which weigh thirty-six pounds each, and are considered more durable and comfortable. The collars can be fastened around the horse's necks in a fraction of a second.

No time whatever is now lost in finding out where a fire is, or in getting sent from. Placards upon which are the number of every regular alarm box in town, with its location, are hung up on the walls of the engine houses, and the ground floor, behind the Captain's desk. The Captain glances at the placard while the men are getting ready, and shows the location of the fire to the driver at the moment the last stroke of the alarm is struck. Many big buildings in town have a new automatic system, which sends the time lost in transmitting an alarm from a regular street box. It consists of an electrical contrivance hooked on to the ceiling of each floor, and is connected and attached to a very sensitive wire, which causes the wire to expand and contract, and thus drop the alarm bell, and the alarm is transmitted to the engine house, and on this disk is indicated not only the exact location of the building, but also the part of the building in which the fire is, or the heat that is great enough to produce fire if not checked, has broken out.

There is a personal competition among the various fire companies in the department for the honor of being known as the company that gets there first whenever an alarm comes. The company which belongs in Great Jones street, has been the cock of the walk for a long time. She won the prize at the horse show for swiftness, and the prize at the men can get her in shape to start in less than two seconds in an exhibition test, and the hum-drum everyday work of hitching up and pulling a hose is never more than five or six seconds.

Great as is the efficiency of the apparatus for extinguishing fires, still further improvements are contemplated. Commissioner Purroy has ordered a new electric lantern perfect that will enable the fireman to see into buildings that he could not see before, and that will go back and forth, and that will be present all lanterns do. The Commissioner's brother wants to rig up a double stage arrangement in every engine house, that will enable two engines to be put in each house, and thus double the capacity of the department to fight fires.

When one engine has gone to a fire, the other, by the power of a button, is hoisted out of the cellar and kept in readiness to answer a call for reinforcements. Though Gothamites think the naturally trained fireman is the best, it is not so. It should be the electric lantern and the double stage; they are certain that it would be far ahead of anything ever dreamed of anywhere by anybody in creation.

Reading in Total Darkness. Though M. Chevreul, the veteran French chemist, has completed his hundredth year, he had an experience a day or two ago which is safe to say he would search his memory for a long time. He received a visit in his laboratory from the members of the Chinese Mission in Paris, and the conversation turned to the subject of light and color, which M. Chevreul has spent his life in investigating, one of the party astonished him by declaring that he could see perfectly well in the dark, and he actually read a book in the dark. M. Chevreul doubtless knows that a predecessor of his own, Jerome Cardan, a famous savant of the sixteenth century, was credited with the same power. And the younger Scalliger assures us that when he awoke from his brief slumbers he was able to read in the dark without lighting his pipe.

Younger Scalliger was rather given to boasting; and this statement of his was usually classed with that of his eminent contemporary, the philosopher, the learned, learned Duhannet, who claimed to have discovered a key to the language of the angelic choir; but the feat of the living Chinese goes some way to establish the genuineness of this particular pretension of the dead Grecian.

Swindlers played the old game on George Nraw of Wex, Ind. He signed a contract with a lightning rod man for one rod, to cost \$1.50, and a few days later found that he had signed a promissory note for \$200. Rather than have a legal fight with the rascals, he compromised by paying \$150.

## NEWS AND NOTES FOR WOMEN.

There is a female drummer doing south-western.

Vests and plastrons are of heads, passementerie and colored crapes.

In hats the novelty consists in having the crown different from the brim.

Silver galoon and embroidery are much used for trimming autumn millinery.

Wide-mouthed tulle introduced in the spring are worn over skirts of silk or plush.

Removable hoods fastened with silk cord are worn with tailor-made dresses in the street.

Embroidered velvet has been for a long time out of fashion, but this season it is again revived.

Large hairpins are seen in the new designs for coiffures, a dozen sometimes being worn at once.

At Fargo, N. Dakota, good wives beat because housemaids are not to be had at a dollar a day.

Bright lawn suits are worn on children's suits of dark, rich plaids, to be fashionable.

Checks are still worn and are generally arranged over plain skirts of the color of one of the checks.

Clematis, after it has frathered, is seen as a favorite design on other portieres or smaller pieces of fancy work.

Ivory is being used for various decorative purposes this season and will be more fashionable than mother of pearl.

Gloves of glass like are faced with black and are trimmed with black embroidery and black buttons, whatever the shade.

Nobby little collars, standing high above the velvet dress collar, are of colored latine or linen, in either deep red or pink.

The close-fitting bonnet will be worn as generally as ever the coming season. It is too ladylike and too becoming to be given up without a pang.

Leaves of large size and rare purity are being worn, and some are of gold, silver, and platinum, and some are of steel.

Those who are so fortunate as to possess a large, square, plain, and simple, so that the pin is thrust into the dress or hair, the pearl alone is visible.

No jewels are worn except on the hands. As man's attire is becoming more and more simple, but no other ornament, with undress costume, is allowable.

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## FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Rotation of Crops.

The rotation best adapted to any one farm will depend much on the farm, the locality and the markets. The one adopted by Professor Sanborn on the college farm at Columbia, Mo., will probably suit as large a number as any that can be adopted.

He begins, say, with a timothy sod. Manures and plows in the fall for corn in the spring. The corn is cut early and taken from the land as soon as cured, the land plowed, and in the spring sowed to oats and seeded with hay, thus giving the clover a chance to come on and make a second crop for hay.

The first crop of clover the next season is cut for hay, but if the land needs improving the second crop is plowed under and wheat sowed. If the land is in good heart it can be cut for hay or saved for seed. With the wheat is sowed timothy, which is allowed to remain two years, plowing it up in the fall of the second year to plant to corn again the next spring, thus bringing us back to the beginning of the rotation again. This is six years' rotation, and in the six years one gets seven crops, or if he saves the second crop of clover he gets eight. The land is manured every six years, and the clover is cut for hay or saved for seed.

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low and of the same level. There is no necessity for any high or low ground, and nearly all disease of the feet arise from high roads they should be abolished.

Orchards that are in grass continually are sometimes injured. The best method is to plow under the grass, lime the land, and give an application of well-rotted manure, and reseed. Some orchards do best when in grass, if the soil is rich, but the peach and plum are exceptions. The grass, however, is plowed under occasionally.

Sowing for a week or two will be found an excellent method of allowing the pastures to grow up again, and when the soil is poor, or when the grass is thin, it may be improved by cutting quantities of it daily, and feeding it in the yards, the labor and expense need not be great. Those who will try sowing for a short time will be induced to continue it, as beneficial results always follow by so doing.

Milk can be fed to poultry in any condition, either as skimmed milk, butter-milk, curds, when mixed with a little molasses or ground grain of any kind. It is a valuable food for egg production, being rich in albumen, and supplies many substances that may be lacking in other foods. It is cheap on those farms where only the cream is desired, and it will give better results with poultry than when fed to pigs.

If cows are allowed to dry and rest about six weeks before calving they will be in better condition when they come into full flow again. It imposes a double duty on the cow, and she will produce a better milk, and will also produce a better calf. It can be put in a bag and cooked, or it may be mixed with two parts of water, and then fed to the cow. It is a valuable food for egg production, being rich in albumen, and supplies many substances that may be lacking in other foods. It is cheap on those farms where only the cream is desired, and it will give better results with poultry than when fed to pigs.

The albumen or white of an egg is somewhat similar to blood in composition, and the poultryman will find it a valuable food for his birds. It can be put in a bag and cooked, or it may be mixed with two parts of water, and then fed to the cow. It is a valuable food for egg production, being rich in albumen, and supplies many substances that may be lacking in other foods. It is cheap on those farms where only the cream is desired, and it will give better results with poultry than when fed to pigs.

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